

# 2024 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report West Grove Borough Water Distribution System PWSID #: 1150105

Este informe contiene información importante acerca de su agua potable. Haga que alguien lo traduzca para usted, ó hable con alguien que lo entienda. (This report contains important information about your drinking water. Have someone translate it for you, or speak with someone who understands it.)

# **WATER SYSTEM INFORMATION:**

Our drinking water meets Federal and State requirements; however, if you have any questions about this report or concerns about your water utility, please contact Greg McCummings, Borough Manager, at (610) 869-2792. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled council meetings held at 7:30 PM on the first Wednesday of the month at the Borough Hall located at 117 Rosehill Avenue.

## **SOURCES OF WATER:**

- Well #3 Evergreen Street, West Grove Borough Groundwater
- Well #7 Oakland Avenue, West Grove Borough Groundwater
- Well #4 Harmony Road, West Grove Borough Groundwater (Back-Up)
- Emergency Interconnection with Chester Water Authority

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immunocompromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by *Cryptosporidium* and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

## **MONITORING YOUR WATER:**

West Grove Borough routinely monitors for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. The following table shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1<sup>st</sup>, 2024 to December 31<sup>st</sup>, 2024. The State allows us to monitor for some contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not change frequently. Some of our data is from prior years in accordance with the *Safe Drinking Water Act*. Therefore, the date range for test results has been noted on the sampling results table.

### **DEFINITIONS:**

**Action Level (AL)** – The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirement which a water system must follow.

**Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL)** – The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

**Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG)** – The level of contaminant in drinking water below which there is no know or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

**Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL)** – The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

**Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG)** – The minimum level of residual disinfectant required at the entry point to the distribution system.

Treatment Technique (TT) – A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

*Mrem/year*=millirems per year (a measure of radiation absorbed by the body)

*pCi/L* = picocuries per liter (a measure of radioactivity

ppb = parts per billion, or micrograms per liter

**ppm**= parts per million, or milligrams per liter (mg/L)

**ppq**= parts per quadrillion, or micrograms per liter

ppt= parts per trillion, or nanograms per liter

Chemical Contaminants								
	MCL in CCR		Level	Range of		Sample	Violation	
Contaminant	Units	MCLG	Detected	Detections	Units	Date	Y/N	Sources of Contamination
cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	70	70	0.6	0-0.6	ppb	2024	N	Discharge from industrial chemical facilities
Tetrachloroethylene (VOC)	5	0	3.2	3.2	ppb	2024	N	Discharge from factories and dry cleaners
Barium (IOC)	2	2	0	0	ppm	2024	N	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
Nitrate	10	10	6.861	6.72-7.1	ppm	2024	N	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits
Chloroform	80	n/a	0.7	0.7	ppb	2024	N	By-product of drinking water chlorination
Tetrachlorethylene	5	0	3.2	3.2	ppb	2024	N	Discharge from factories and dry cleaners
Gross Alpha	15	0	5.3	5.3	pCi/L	2024	N	Erosion of Natural Deposits
Radium-226	5	0	0.975	0.4-1.55	pCi/L	2024	N	Erosion of Natural Deposits
Chromium	100	100	1	1	ppb	2024	N	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; Erosion of natural deposits
Chlorine	MRDL=4	MRDLG=4	1.57	0.5-2.08	Mg/L	2024	N	Water additive used to control microbes
Dichloroacetic Acid (HAA)	60	n/a	0	0	ppb	2024	N	By-product of drinking water disinfectants
Haloacetic Acids (HAA5)	60	n/a	0	0	ppb	2024	N	By-product of drinking water disinfectants
Bromodichloromethane (THM)	80	n/a	0.7	0-0.7	ppb	2024	N	By-product of drinking water disinfectants
Chlorodibromomethane (THM)	80	n/a	0.7	0-0.7	ppb	2024	N	By-product of drinking water chlorination
Trihalomethanes (TTHM)	80	n/a	1.75	0.7-2.8	ppb	2024	N	By-product of drinking water chlorination

Entry Point Disinfectant Residual									
		Minimum	Lowest						
		Disinfectant	Level	Range of		Sample	Violation		
<b>Entry Point</b>	Contaminant	Residual	Detected	Detections	Units	Date	Y/N	Sources of Contamination	
								Water additive used to control	
102	Chlorine	0.50	0.79	0.79-2.1	ppm	2024	N	microbes	
								Water additive used to control	
103	Chlorine	0.50	0.55	0.55-1.8	ppm	2024	N	microbes	

Lead and Copper										
						# of Sites				
						Above AL				
	Action Level		90th Percentile		Sample	of Total	Violation			
Contaminant	(AL)	MCLG	Value	Units	Date	Sites	Y/N	<b>Sources of Contamination</b>		
								Corrosion of household		
Lead (1030)	1.3	1.3	0.582	ppb	2022	0	N	plumbing		
								Corrosion of household		
Copper (1022)	15	15	1	ppm	2022	0	N	plumbing		

**Health Effects:** Nitrate levels were detected above the contaminant level of 5 but below the MCL of 10. Nitrate in drinking water, at levels above 10 ppm, is a health risk for infants of less than six months of age. High nitrate levels in drinking water can cause blue baby syndrome. Nitrate levels may rise quickly for short periods of time because of rainfall or agricultural activity. If you are caring for an infant, you should ask advice from your health care provider.

*Information about Lead:* Lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. West Grove

Borough Public Water System is responsible for providing high quality drinking water and removing lead pipes, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components in your home. You share the responsibility for protecting yourself and your family from the lead in your home plumbing. You can take responsibility by identifying and removing lead materials within your home plumbing and taking steps to reduce your family's risk.

Before drinking tap water, flush your pipes for several minutes by running your tap, taking a shower, doing laundry or a load of dishes. You can also use a filter certified by an American National Standards Institute accredited certifier to reduce lead in drinking water. If you are concerned about lead in your water and wish to have your water tested, contact West Grove Borough Public Water System at 610-869-2792. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available at <a href="http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead">http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead</a>.

*Violations:* We are required to monitor your drinking water for chlorine residual at end points in the system on a weekly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether our drinking water meets health standards. There were no violations during 2024.

## **EDUCATIONAL INFORMATION:**

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity. Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- Microbial Contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations and wildlife.
- Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally-occurring or result from urban Stormwater run-off, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining or farming.
- Pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff and residential uses.
- Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial
  processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban Stormwater runoff and septic
  systems.
- Radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA and DEP prescribes regulations which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. FDA and DEP regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health.

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's *Safe Drinking Water Hotline* at (800-426-2791).